

*dryopteris* and *calcareum*; but to this we must object, as the character taken from the presence of glandular pubescence in the latter may, we think, be always depended upon. We have examined numerous specimens since the publication of Mr. Newman's work, and find it constantly present in *P. calcareum*, and always wanting in *P. dryopteris*.

In conclusion, we beg strongly to recommend this volume to the notice of our readers, as we are convinced that it is only by an extensive sale that it can ever repay the expense attending its publication.

*Iter Hispaniense, or a Synopsis of Plants collected in the Southern Provinces of Spain and Portugal, with Geographical Remarks and Observations on rare and undescribed Species.* By Philip Barker Webb. Svo. Paris, Bethune and Plon; London, Coxhead, 1838.

*Otia Hispanica, seu delectus plantarum rariorum aut nondum rite notarum per Hispanias sponte nascentium.* Auctore P. B. Webb. Pentas I. Fol. Paris, Brockhaus et Avenarius; London, Coxhead, 1839.

We crave pardon of our subscribers and of the author for not having sooner noticed these two works, the former of which has peculiar interest from its supplying us with a catalogue of the native plants of a region which has received but little attention from naturalists, and which we fear, from the disturbed state of Spain, must long continue to be of difficult access to the student of the peaceful science of botany; and the latter is highly deserving of attention from its splendour and scientific value.

The *Iter Hispaniense* exactly meets our views of the best form in which a local Flora can be presented to the public, that is, that it should be for the most part a mere catalogue of names and localities, referring to the large descriptive works for the specific characters and the greater number of synonyms, but that descriptive critical and geographical observations should be introduced in those cases in which the author supposes that he is possessed of new or little known and valuable information. Several such works have been published of late both in this country and on the continent, and we receive this addition to their number with great satisfaction. The author is well known by the great work which he is publishing in conjunction with M. Sabin-Bertholot under the title of 'Histoire Naturelle des Iles Canaries,'—a work which we fear has not received that attention from the scientific men of Britain of which it is so highly deserving. The plants are arranged according to the natural

*dryopteris* and *calcareum*; but to this we must object, as the character taken from the presence of glandular pubescence in the latter may, we think, be always depended upon. We have examined numerous specimens since the publication of Mr. Newman's work, and find it constantly present in *P. calcareum*, and always wanting in *P. dryopteris*.

In conclusion, we beg strongly to recommend this volume to the notice of our readers, as we are convinced that it is only by an extensive sale that it can ever repay the expense attending its publication.

*Iter Hispaniense, or a Synopsis of Plants collected in the Southern Provinces of Spain and Portugal, with Geographical Remarks and Observations on rare and undescribed Species.* By Philip Barker Webb. Svo. Paris, Bethune and Plon; London, Coxhead, 1838.

*Otia Hispanica, seu delectus plantarum rariorum aut nondum rite notarum per Hispanias sponte nascentium.* Auctore P. B. Webb. Pentas I. Fol. Paris, Brockhaus et Avenarius; London, Coxhead, 1839.

We crave pardon of our subscribers and of the author for not having sooner noticed these two works, the former of which has peculiar interest from its supplying us with a catalogue of the native plants of a region which has received but little attention from naturalists, and which we fear, from the disturbed state of Spain, must long continue to be of difficult access to the student of the peaceful science of botany; and the latter is highly deserving of attention from its splendour and scientific value.

The *Iter Hispaniense* exactly meets our views of the best form in which a local Flora can be presented to the public, that is, that it should be for the most part a mere catalogue of names and localities, referring to the large descriptive works for the specific characters and the greater number of synonyms, but that descriptive critical and geographical observations should be introduced in those cases in which the author supposes that he is possessed of new or little known and valuable information. Several such works have been published of late both in this country and on the continent, and we receive this addition to their number with great satisfaction. The author is well known by the great work which he is publishing in conjunction with M. Sabin-Bertholot under the title of 'Histoire Naturelle des Iles Canaries,'—a work which we fear has not received that attention from the scientific men of Britain of which it is so highly deserving. The plants are arranged according to the natural

*dryopteris* and *calcareum*; but to this we must object, as the character taken from the presence of glandular pubescence in the latter may, we think, be always depended upon. We have examined numerous specimens since the publication of Mr. Newman's work, and find it constantly present in *P. calcareum*, and always wanting in *P. dryopteris*.

In conclusion, we beg strongly to recommend this volume to the notice of our readers, as we are convinced that it is only by an extensive sale that it can ever repay the expense attending its publication.

*Iter Hispaniense, or a Synopsis of Plants collected in the Southern Provinces of Spain and Portugal, with Geographical Remarks and Observations on rare and undescribed Species.* By Philip Barker Webb. Svo. Paris, Bethune and Plon; London, Coxhead, 1838.

*Otia Hispanica, seu delectus plantarum rariorum aut nondum rite notarum per Hispanias sponte nascentium.* Auctore P. B. Webb. Pentas I. Fol. Paris, Brockhaus et Avenarius; London, Coxhead, 1839.

We crave pardon of our subscribers and of the author for not having sooner noticed these two works, the former of which has peculiar interest from its supplying us with a catalogue of the native plants of a region which has received but little attention from naturalists, and which we fear, from the disturbed state of Spain, must long continue to be of difficult access to the student of the peaceful science of botany; and the latter is highly deserving of attention from its splendour and scientific value.

The *Iter Hispaniense* exactly meets our views of the best form in which a local Flora can be presented to the public, that is, that it should be for the most part a mere catalogue of names and localities, referring to the large descriptive works for the specific characters and the greater number of synonyms, but that descriptive critical and geographical observations should be introduced in those cases in which the author supposes that he is possessed of new or little known and valuable information. Several such works have been published of late both in this country and on the continent, and we receive this addition to their number with great satisfaction. The author is well known by the great work which he is publishing in conjunction with M. Sabin-Bertholot under the title of 'Histoire Naturelle des Iles Canaries,'—a work which we fear has not received that attention from the scientific men of Britain of which it is so highly deserving. The plants are arranged according to the natural